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# THE CAUCASIAN.

RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1897.

THE CAUCASIAN IS THE MEDIUM  
BY WHICH TO REACH THE PEOPLE.  
ADVERTISERS WILL DO WELL TO  
PLACE THEIR ADVERTISEMENTS IN  
ITS COLUMNS.

THE CAUCASIAN AS A LARGER  
CULATION THAN ANY OTHER  
WEEKLY PUBLISHED IN NORTH CAROLINA.  
PRICE, \$1.00 PER YEAR.

VOL. X.

## MCKINLEY'S INAUGURATION

Breaded by a Glorious Day—The Ceremony Followed by a

F.

## THE ADDRESS IN FULL.

*Gives a Brief Outline of His Policy—Grows for International Bimetallism, Increased Tariff Revenues, and Civil Service Reform—Calls for an Extra Session of Congress March 15th.*

Standing with bared forehead bathed in glorious sunshine and with the snowy dome of the ever beautiful Capital towering above him, President McKinley, who made him the twenty-third President of the United States, the ceremonies attending the inauguration were simple and befitting a republic, impressive in their solemnity, and yet a spectacle enough to impress the responsibility of the office, the love of pomp and distinction in the human heart.

The next day is one that appeals,

politically, to patriotic pride.

As the days go by the influence of

the new government becomes more

and more apparent, especially true of

the day after the inauguration.

President McKinley's induction

is followed by a grand military

parade, the clanking of

horses and the

salutes of the President and

President-elect were escorting by detachments of

the regular army to the Capitol.

The assemblage in granite chamber

room as Mr. Cleveland and Mr. McKinley appeared upon the threshold,

were, side by side walked down the

carpeted aisle to the center of

the crowded arena. Beside them sat

the Ambassadors of the great powers

of England, France, Italy, and Ger

many, and near by were the foreign

representatives of the army and navy.

At 10 o'clock, the hour at which ad-

mission should have been closed, he

arrived at his place and then re-

turned to his place.

The latter, with considerable sang

fuad, took up the gold decorated gavel

recently presented to him and calling

the Senate to order, listened to the

champion's prayer, and then delivered

the oath, after which he ad-

ministered the oath to the new Sena-

tors, some fifteen in number.

The ceremony in the Senate cham-

ber came to a close at five minutes

after one, when the order of exit and

the procession to the inaugural plat-

form were in execution.

The first feature of the ceremonial

was the administration of the oath of

office. The Bible upon which the Presi-

dent took the oath of office was radic-

ally different from any previously

used. Heretofore the book had been

of a style known as "locked Bibles."

But today the Bible was an imme-

nsive family Bible, weighing

fully twenty pounds. It was a mag-

nificent specimen, bound in flexible

covers of black seal. In one of the lids

was inserted a silver plate inscribed:

W. M. MCKINLEY,

President of the United States.

INAUGURATED MARCH 4, 1897.

The Bible was presented by the Bishops of the E. D. Church. It was

placed in a handsome

stain-lined oak casket, with brass

trimmings, the whole package weigh-

ing about fifty pounds. It is a magni-

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SEE NEXT ISSUE OF THE CAUCASIAN

The General Assembly adjourned at 8 o'clock last Tuesday night, but it is impossible for us to get all of the proceedings in this issue. The next issue of THE CAUCASIAN will not only contain the remainder of the proceedings but also a review of many of the important matters about the legislature which the public should know.

See that the next issue of THE CAUCASIAN is read by as many voters as possible. Every good Populist in the State should try and send in a club of at least five new subscribers so that they can receive and read the next issue and every issue for the next year. We begin the fight at once to redeem the State from the blight and curse of monoply rule. We begin the fight to elect the majority of the next legislature and tried Populists. Let every patriot put his shoulder to the wheel and we will do it.

Ever since the hot fight which arose between the Populists and Republicans on the railroad question, there have been vague suggestions and speculations that the Populists and Democrats would form a coalition for the next election. If there ever was a possibility of such a thing, it has been knocked into froth and fog by the Democrats by their record on this ninety-nine year lease question. The next coalition will probably be between Democrats and Populists, headed by the magnate of the Southern Railway.

### A GREAT FIGHT ON THE 99 YEAR LEASE—TWO GREAT SCHEMES.

It has already been stated that two facts are in the minds of the people concerning the "99 year railroad lease." They are as follows:

1st. That this lease was secretly arranged.

2d. That a bid of \$400,000 a year has been offered for the North Carolina railroad, whereas the secret "99 year lease" was made to the Southern railway corporation for \$250,000 a year. We stated last week that a bill had originally been drawn which would have annulled the lease if it could have passed. This bill was so amended as to give the Governor power to bring suit to test the validity of the lease, and as amended in this manner, it passed the House. It was then sent to the Senate. That body passed a substitute making the time of the lease 30 years instead of 99 years, but did not make any effort to secure any more money for the State than was agreed upon by the secret 99 year lease. This substitute was passed by a combination of Republicans, Democrats and ex-Populists. The Populists all voted against it.

This substitute was then sent back to the House and referred to the committee on railroads. It was made a special order for Friday, March 5th, at 12 o'clock, and about that time began one of the greatest and most exciting fights that has ever occurred in the legislative halls of North Carolina. The committee which had been considering the bill had reason to question the constitutionality of some parts of the 30 year substitute as passed by the Senate, and when the hour of 12 o'clock arrived on Friday, Mr. Sutton, of Cumberland, for the committee reported this fact, and offered a resolution requesting the Supreme court to give a ruling or opinion on the points in doubt. The railroad tools, however, wanted to get some praise from their director and boss just as the tools in the Senate had done, and wanted to go ahead and pass the Senate substitute whether it was constitutional or not. They didn't care a cent about the constitution if it was going to get in the way of the will of their pet boss, the Southern railroad. It is a noticeable fact that corporations, combines and trusts never care for law nor constitution when their grasping greed is threatened, and their tools are pretty much the same way.

The railroads wanted to bring matters to a vote at once. They began to cry down the resolution of inquiry to the Supreme court, and in their efforts to do this THEY raised a tumult and confusion which was a little short of a riot. A scene occurred which would have been envied by the Molly Maguires or by a lot of wild anarchists—a scene which was and is a disgrace to the State. The row was led by Democrats—no doubt of that. Every eye witness who is willing to tell the truth about this matter would be willing to testify to this fact.

In this awful and humiliating din—humiliating because it was inspired and aroused by the adherents and supporters of a great railroad corporation as against the interests of the people of North Carolina, Dr. Alexander, of Tyrrell, moved to adjourn. Capt. C. A. Cook, of War-

ren, who was in the chair put the motion and declared the House adjourned.

### EIGHT PER CENT. TOO MUCH FOR THE STATE, BUT TWENTY PER CENT. NOT TOO MUCH FOR THE RAILROADS.

On the motion of Senator Butler the railroad tools seemed to be wild with anxiety, rage and desperation. They were apparently utterly bereft of reason and were on the border land of treason. When Mr. Cook stepped from the stand, a Democrat shouted out: "I move we elect Mr. Freeman (Rep.), Speaker pro tem." A thundering roar of voices greeted this proposition, and shortly after Freeman approached the stand. He may not have intended to take the Speaker's chair, but if he ever did he was stopped by the warning voice of Mr. Lusk who cried out that such a proceeding was treason and rebellion against the State. Freeman got upon the stand, but instead of taking the chair said, "The Journal showed that a recess had been taken till three o'clock. In a few minutes the chamber was almost empty. If the railroad revolutionists had not been warned to stop, they might have gone to such lengths as would have involved them in treason and subjected them to arrest and trial. Such are the lengths to which railroad corporations and their supporters will go when faced by the staunch and patriotic representatives of the people. The railroad tools are also a necessity. Yet, when a proposition is before the legislature to cut down the high rates, it is voted down, because it seems, that twenty per cent is not too much for the people to pay and for the railroads to exact on their property. Eight per cent is too much for the railroads to pay the State on its property but twenty per cent is not too much for the people to pay the railroads on theirs.

California is one of the many States whose legislature is moving for reduction of railroad rates to 10 cents. Lower railroad rates are also a necessity. The people will voluntarily reduce nothing, and the Senate R. R. commission will do nothing unless the corporations give the nod. The people are driven to demand lower rates from legislative action.

It is said that Gov. Russell sometimes indulges in such words when talking about the way the legislature is doing. The people must not condemn the Governor too severely. This writer has lived a blameless life for more than a quarter of a century, but now selecting some choice words and committing them to memory—Progressive Farmer.

We have always told you so. When it comes to a square fight between big corporations or combines and the people, the Democrats and Republicans quickly get together, almost solidly, and stand by the people. There never was a clearer case in point than the record just made by the Republicans and Democrats on this '99 year lease question."

A new word is coined almost every day in the year by some more or less enterprising American citizen. Here goes another: The bolting Populists and their allies will be known from this day as "Pietrists." Definition: Men who believe one thing and do anything, traitors for pie—Progressive Farmer.

We wish you would just look at the railroad plank in the last national Democratic platform, and then just look how the Democrats voted in the legislature on the railroad question. There is a big lesson here.

The legislature adjourned on Tuesday last. Thank you! We will be paid to dollars to cognize that we never see you again as a legislator; and we will be willing to pay the dollars and do without the dollars if we never do.

There were brave men before "Amenmon" and there have been "adroit" bosses in North Carolina since Swenson.

**Mckinley's Cabinet Confirmed.**

Secretary of State—John Sherman, of Ohio.

Secretary of the Treasury—Lyman J. Gage, of Illinois.

Secretary of War—Russell A. Alger, of Michigan.

Attorney General—Joseph McElroy, of California.

Postmaster-General—James A. Garfield, of Maryland.

Secretary of the Navy—John D. Long, of Massachusetts.

Secretary of the Interior—Cornelius N. Blinn, of New York.

Secretary of Agriculture—James Wilson, of Iowa.

These were the nominations which President McKinley sent to the Senate. They were promptly confirmed, and the gentlemen named in the above list now constitute the official cabinet advisers of the new Republican administration.

The appointment of Senator Sherman to be Secretary of State was confirmed immediately after the Senate went into executive session, as a compliment to their former colleague.

The other nominations were referred to committees, as is the usual custom. The members of these committees did not even leave the Senate chamber but a recess being taken for a short time the members of the committees were polled, and in each case a favorable report was made. This was more a matter of form than anything else, for there was practically no opposition to any of the nominations.

**NOMINEES CORRECTED.**  
For the Caucasian.

Please allow me space to correct some misleading errors which appeared in the letter from Pendleton, N. C., Feb. 25th. In quoting Pritchard as saying: "I stand flat-footed on the Republican platform and am not in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, the word was left out.

In saying that Skinner Bolting Co. have just received the CONDEMNATION of the Populists and all true men, the word RECOMMENDATION appears for CONDEMNATION.

As far as I can truthfully say that there are one-half dozen who DO NOT consider themselves as traitors and political scoundrels, the words who DO NOT were omitted.

Please allow this correction to appear in your next issue.

W. J. BEALE.

**MARCH APRIL MAY**

Are the months in which to give special attention to the condition of your physical health. If you pass safely through these months and find yourself strong and vigorous, on the arrival of warmer weather, you may reasonably expect that you will be well in summer. Now is the time to take Hood's Sarsaparilla because now is the time when the blood must be purified, enriched and vitalized, and because Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only true blood purifier prominently in the public eye today. Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to make you healthy and guard your system against disease.

When the Democrats and Republicans and ex-Populists combined to defeat the bill to test or annul the 99 year lease, they proved strong enough to defeat it in the Senate. Then a large number of the members of that "triple alliance" went down to the Southern railway offices to hold a jollification and be patted on the back by their railroad boss.

## THE STORY OF THE FIGHT.

The Minions of Corporation Power Precipitate a Riot in the House.

THOSE WHO STOOD FIRM

against the Power and Machination of Railroad Right—The Sad Scene of a Majority of Representatives of North Carolina Standing for Greed Against the People. The Populists as Firm as a Rock.

HOUSE.

The following is a brief account of the great railroad lease fight in the House.

At two minutes before noon Mr. Sutton of Cumberland, a member of the committee to investigate the lease of the North Carolina Railroad, introduced the Senate substitute bill was referred, rose. Mr. Cook, who is chairman of that special committee, was in the chair. Mr. Lusk had presided during the earlier part of the session, and Speaker Hileman, who was so hoarse that he spoke with difficulty, sat on the left of Mr. Cook. Mr. Sutton asked consent to call up a resolution asking the Supreme Court to give tomorrow its opinion if the matter of the Senate substitute for the lease bill. Mr. Blackburn sprang to his feet, and as the hands pointed to noon, declared that the hour set for the special order, the Senate substitute bill had arrived and must be taken up. Mr. Sutton of Cumberland then wanted the special order held up until the resolution was acted on. Then the storm burst. Mr. Blackburn (Republican), said: "You know under the resolution adopted by this House no resolution can be introduced save by unanimous consent. You know the Journal shows that the resolution is not introduced. I move that the House concur in the Senate substitute."

Then confusion broke loose. Twenty members were on their feet at once, all shouting, all protesting. The railroad faction stood up almost to a man and arrayed themselves. For two or three minutes the uproar continued. Then Alexander of Tyrrell, moved that the House take a recess until 3 o'clock.

When there was a roar of protest, "Vote it down," was yelled at the railroads, "and send the bill to the Senate." Mr. Sutton and Mr. Hanchett could be heard seconding the motion. The aisles were filled with a howling mob. Mr. Cook put the motion. There was a burst of "aye" and an answer of "no," which yielded to the dome and descended in a torrent of sound. "Division," shouted Messrs. Blackburn, (Rep.), Murphy, (Dem), and forty more. Mr. Cook declared that the House had taken a recess until 3 o'clock. Blackburn strode up the aisle. "That is false," he cried. "I appeal from the decision of the chair."

The scene was at this moment indescribable. If anybody but a lot of wild and frenzied corporation minnows had caused it, it would go down as anarchism. Mr. Cook left the chair as the equal fell. He stepped to the rear lobby. He stepped to the rear lobby. The upper gallery stood by the door. Some put on their hats and moved toward the door. Some of the more timid hurried to the lobby. The atmosphere was filled with execrations from the railroads, mainly of Mr. Cook and his ruling. "It is tyrannical." "We will not submit to it."

The resolutions were adopted.

THE FIGHT ON SATURDAY.

The House met on Saturday, and at one o'clock the fight was renewed. There was almost as much confusion as there was on the previous day, but it was not quite so noisy.

The following opinion of the Supreme Court was read: "Your resolution is before us. Proceeded to the country due to the ordinary branch of the government, in order to respond to your request. Without expressing any intimation of opinion, either way, upon the question whether the power to lease its road is with the state or with the railroad corporation, it would go down as anarchism. Mr. Cook left the chair as the equal fell. He stepped to the rear lobby. He stepped to the rear lobby. The upper gallery stood by the door. Some put on their hats and moved toward the door. Some of the more timid hurried to the lobby. The atmosphere was filled with execrations from the railroads, mainly of Mr. Cook and his ruling. "It is tyrannical." "We will not submit to it."

Some one shouted, "For God's sake, stop this. It is the most disgraceful scene the State ever witnessed. Never talk about the legislature again."

(Signed) "W. T. FAIRCLOTH, Chief Justice N. C., for the Court."

After the reading of this opinion, Mr. Cook, for the committee, reported to the House the bill which the House had first passed authorizing the Governor to lease the railroad to the railroads.

Mr. Cook then moved that the bill be referred to the Senate, instead of the Senate substitute, which validated the secret deal lease for 30 years instead of 99 years. This brought on a hot discussion, during which the House was little better than a mob. The disturbance was mainly kept up by the railroads who were trying to force the Legislature to confirm the 99 year lease at \$250,000 a year in face of the fact that two propositions had been made offering the State much more than this. One of these propositions was by J. R. Reynolds, of Winston, who offered \$400,000 a year for the road and agreed to put up \$100,000 as a guarantee of good faith. It is worth a million dollars to the people being made service tools for that purpose! Words fail to convey the feelings experienced by those few men who would not bow to the order of corporate command.

When some move was made now and then there would be great confusion. Finally at 11:05 Mr. Cook sent forward three amendments, and gave notice that he would call the previous question. The amendments were as follows: "To add the words or stockholders" to line 7, "to make the rate of rental 9 1/2 cent and 8 per cent. Schuler sent up an amendment making the rate 10 per cent. This matter cannot be settled by the legislature and moved to be referred to the Senate, instead of the Senate substitute, which validated the secret deal lease for 30 years instead of 99 years. This brought on a hot discussion, during which the House was little better than a mob. The disturbance was mainly kept up by the railroads who were trying to force the Legislature to confirm the 99 year lease at \$250,000 a year in face of the fact that two propositions had been made offering the State much more than this. One of these propositions was by J. R. Reynolds, of Winston, who offered \$400,000 a year for the road and agreed to put up \$100,000 as a guarantee of good faith. It is worth a million dollars to the people being made service tools for that purpose! Words fail to convey the feelings experienced by those few men who would not bow to the order of corporate command.

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Raleigh, N. C., March 11, 1897.

### NOTICE!

All subscribers in arrears will please renew AT ONCE, otherwise we will be compelled to cut off their names from our mailing list. Please remit at once.

## Cotton.

With careful rotation of crops and liberal fertilizations, cotton lands will improve. The application of a proper fertilizer containing sufficient Potash often makes the difference between a profitable crop and failure. Use fertilizers containing not less than 3 to 4%.

### Actual Potash.

Kainit is a complete specific against "Rust."

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## THE WORK OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Continued from 1st page.

in the seat. He proceeded then to review the merits of the claims of contestants. He spoke for about 40 minutes, and was followed by Col. Cunningham. His remarks were of a general character, insisting upon the justness of Mr. Broughton's cause.

Mr. Cook closed the argument with a brief reply to some of the leading features of the other side, and called the previous question, the adoption of the minority report, proposed by Mr. Abbott. For sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent by mail, mention THE CAUCASIAN and send your full post-office address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghampton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

Want the Bolters Names Printed and Kept Before The People.

For The Caucasian.

TARBORO, N. C., Feb. 23.—Since the Senatorial contest has been so astonished at Harry Skinner. I have rode from 12 to 15 miles on several occasions to hear him talk on the reform and principles that I so dearly love. Never did I think that he would be a traitor until he proved it.

There is one favor I want to ask and I hope you will grant it. I have been reading THE CAUCASIAN for many years, and used to get up small clubs for this paper. I desire that you please print the name of Harry Skinner and all the traitors that jammed the fence and followed him on some good tough, durable paper. I have six sons and I want them all to read it, and then I want to post it up in the dining room or in the bawn where they can see and read it every day. I want to graft the names into their minds so they never will vote for any of these tories as long as life last for any of whatever. I trust God that all of the honest people of the State will do likewise. R. E. PITTMAN.

The Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, relieves all pain, eases wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

A POLITICAL SENSATION

Ex-Enrolling Clerk Swinson Causes the Arrest of the Lieut. Governor and the Speaker.

The legislature and the city had a genuine sensation last week over the arrest of Lieutenant Governor C. A. Reynolds, President of the Senate, and Hon. A. F. Hileman, Speaker of the House of Representatives, upon a warrant sworn out by A. L. Swinson, ex-principal enrolling clerk of the General Assembly. The warrant charged these popular officials with forcible trespass and breaking into the office of the enrolling clerk appointed by the General Assembly, and there breaking the locks of desks and taking forcible possession of property therein said to belong to Mr. Swinson.

The case came to trial before Justice Marcom and owing to the large crowd anxious to hear the evidence in this case it was tried in the mayor's office, where Justice Marcom called in Justice Nichols as assistant advisor.

The defendants, Lieutenant Governor Reynolds and Speaker Hileman, were represented by Senator Geo. H. Smathers and Hon. Thomas Purnell. The prosecution was conducted by W. C. Douglass.

After hearing the case the justices dismissed both the "prisoners," and when they returned to their respective legislative duties, they were greeted by rounds of applause.

People buy Hood's Saraparilla year after year because it does them good. It will do you good to take it now.

The Infamous Administration.

Fayetteville Observer.

We said the other day that Mr. C. A. Reynolds had been put down in history as "The Infamous Administration," and we expressed astonishment that there could be any honorable men left in the land so blinded by prejudice as to withhold their hostility from it.

One of the things of the past year has been the fact that the President and his man Olney have been able to bolster up their failing cause in the South by employing the great name of Lee, and by pointing to the present head of the house of that charlatan family as exhibiting his sympathy with it by accepting high office under it.

Amid all the signs of the decadence of the American spirit, it is gratifying to know that one individual stands out at a man who will not be the contumacious agent of the treason of his superiors, and that the nephew of Robert Lee has resigned his position as Consul at Havana.

How's This?

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The advertisements kept out all "fakes" and we do this.

Advertisers all

and we do this.

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Pattern Department.

The CAUCASIAN has made special arrangements with the publishers of the most stylish, accurate and perfect-fitting paper patterns that are made by which we can present to our lady readers all of the very newest and choicest patterns of garments for ladies, misses and children for 10 cents. Full and explicit directions for putting together the garments accompany each pattern. These descriptions and the patterns themselves have many novel and practical features presented by no other pattern made and which render them as simple for the home worker as for the professional dressmaker. Address all communications to the Pattern Department, THE CAUCASIAN.

You must use the coupon printed below (which is our order on the publisher), otherwise the patterns will cost you 25 cents.

## No Cripe Hood's Pills

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with 1000's. Easy to take.

## McKinley's Inauguration.

(Continued from first page.)

States and will to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

This is the obligation I have received, and I shall not shrink from it. To keep it will be my single purpose, my constant prayer—and I shall confidently rely upon the forbearance and assistance of all the people in the discharge of my solemn responsibilities.

At the close of his address President McKinley was congratulated by ex-Vice-President Stevenson, Hon. Galusha A. Grow, the venerable speaker of the House of Representatives, and others.

The new President and the ex-President left the stand and were conducted to the room of the Senate committee on naval affairs, where a luncheon was spread for them and their immediate attendants.

The building was closed with the function known as the inaugural ball. In the spacious Pension Building, the largest structure of brick in the world, were gathered the wealth, the beauty, and the social leaders of other cities. The oblong interior of the building had been transformed by the art of the florist and the decorator into a veritable fairy land, while amid draperies which descended like falling fountains, and which filled the air with fragrance, sparkled millions of brilliant electric lights. In this function the President and Vice-President participated. A radiance of glory appropriately closed the eventful day.

## A Campaign of Liberty

(Continued from 1st page.)

Minnesota as chairman of said provisional national committee, whose official address for the present will be the city of Washington, and to whom all communications should be sent. The provisional national committee is hereby called to meet in executive session at the city of Chicago, at a place to be seasonably announced by the chairman on Tuesday, the 5th day of June, 1897.

Signed at the city of Washington the 22d day of February, 1897, the anniversary of the birth of the "First American," whose life was a sublime example of patriotism, and whose precept placing duty to country above and beyond all party obligation, a deathless watchword of patriotic liberty.

(Signed) H. Teller, Fred T. Dabek, Frank J. Cannon, R. F. Pettigrew, Lee Mante, John P. Jones, Charles A. Thorne, Charles A. Towne, Charles S. Hartman, John F. Shafroth, C. E. Allen.

## The American Queen.

The March issue of THE AMERICAN QUEEN marks a striking advance over the foregoing numbers. An unusually fine quality of paper in addition to the superb half-tone picture on the cover gives this magazine an appearance of great distinction and beauty. Her Imperial Briti H Majesty, Victoria, surrounded by the entire sovereign queens of Europe, makes a brilliant group presented in honor of the great jubilee. England subjects the world over are preparing to celebrate.

The story is not an agreeable one to the American who hopes for the perpetuity of American institutions. Hear this:

"Mark Hanna," says the correspondent, "will not be appointed Senator. He will be disappointed. No condition or contingency can arise which will result in Hanna's succession to Sherman's seat in the Senate. No overtures from Hanna, no demand from McKinley, no appeal from Sherman will move Governor Bushnell. Messengers from McKinley might as well stay at home. Senator Sherman's painfully appealing letters are of no avail. Bushnell, with all his shavity and constant smile, is severely stubborn when once his mind is made up. The Journal correspondent, after the most careful work among Bushnell's friends, finds that the hope of Hanna is forlorn. He may make a direct effort for the appointment, may promise everything, and McKinley may do the same, but Bushnell will not consent.

Even if Bushnell and his friends dislike Sherman they are now expressing sincere sorrow over Sherman's failure to see that he was led into a trap—a trap set to catch a Senatorial seat for Hanna. Bushnell's friends say that Sherman's appointment is a political bargain, made solely to give Mark Hanna a Senatorial seat he could never have gotten from the voters of Ohio. Therefore the Bushnell men will fight Hanna, and every encroachment he may make toward ambition. Already Hanna's managers are threatening to disrupt the party next November.

Certain of McKinley's close personal friends had abased the Senator elect [Foraker], and none of these, the latter demanded, was to hold office without his consent. McKinley was ready for the sacrifice. He went home and wrote to Foraker, asking him to make the nominating speech. But at the same time he wrote an other letter promising Foraker the sole control of the Ohio patronage. These letters resulted in Foraker's unswerving support at St. Louis. Since the election J. K. Richards, Joseph Smith and others of McKinley's personal friends have said harsh things about Foraker and Bushnell.

Foraker appealed personally to Hanna and McKinley and got no satisfaction. It is evident to Foraker that Hanna and McKinley propose to repudiate the bargain made a year ago, when Foraker's aid was essential to McKinley's success. The word has gone out to defend and defeat Hanna at every turn. His failure to remember the promises at Cincinnati will be his undoing."

And so on, and so o', goes the habby story.

At every subscriber to THE CAUCASIAN try to send us a new subscriber within the next ten days. Every one can do this. This will be the most effective way to strengthen the hand of the Populist caucus and back up the position taken by the caucus.

W—Water stations. f—Stop on Signal. Regular stops.

L. DILL, Sup't.

## SEABORD & WESTERLY LIMITED TRAINS DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO Atlanta, Charlotte, Augusta, Athens, Wilmington, New Orleans, New York, Boston, Richmond, Washington, Norfolk, Portsmouth.

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